



سما  
SAMA



مذخرات

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س

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## Lifestyles

### unit 7

## Long Lives: **لحياة أطول**

A summary of the unit  
**The secret of a long life:**

playing sport

better  
healthcare

eating  
healthy fooc

How to stay active MENTALLY:

- Tax your brain
- Sit down with a book
- Do crosswords
- Read the Quran

How to stay active  
PHYSICALLY:

- Eat healthy food
- Play sport

## Unit 7 / Long Lives: حياة أطول

## Grammar القواعد

## Reported Questions: الكلام المنقول في حالة السؤال

## كقاعدة عامة في الكلام المنقول نحول الـ:

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Past الماضي                                 | Present المضارع |
| Past perfect (had + verb3) الى الماضي التام | Past الماضي     |

| <u>Yes/No Questions:</u>  | <u>Wh-Questions</u>  |
|---|--|
| في حالة السؤال اجابته نعم أو لا ، نستخدم كلمة (if)                              | في حالة السؤال يبدأ بكلمة سؤال، نستخدم نفس الكلمة                        |
| مثال:<br><b>Do you like mangoes?</b><br><b>Ali asked me if I liked mangoes.</b> | مثال:<br><b>Where do you live?</b><br><b>Ali asked me where I lived?</b> |

## أمثلة أخرى:

Direct Speech: كلام مباشر     Reported Speech: كلام منقول

## Present simple:

Do you enjoy fishing?

He asked if I enjoyed fishing

Where do you go on weekends?

He asked where I went on weekends.

## Present perfect:

Have you finished your homework?

He asked if I had finished my homework.

Why has she shouted?

He asked why she had shouted.

Unit 7 / Long Lives: **لحياة أطول****From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:**

1. "Where did you go yesterday?" (Change into reported speech)

- a. My friend wanted to know where I go the day before.
- b. My friend wanted to know where I had gone the day before.
- c. My friend wanted to know where I would go the day before.

2. "We will test the new medication next month." (Change into reported speech)

- a. They said they tested the new medication the following month.
- b. They said they test the new medication the following month.
- c. They said they would test the new medication the following month.

3. "Where will you spend your summer vacation?" (Change into reported speech)

- a. My cousin asked me where I spent my summer vacation.
- b. My cousin asked me where I had spent my summer vacation.
- c. My cousin asked me where I would spend my summer vacation.

4. "Are you doing research on the types of diets?" (Change into reported speech)

- a. The journalist asked the experts if they did research on the types of diets.
- b. The journalist asked the experts if they were doing research on the types of diets.
- c. The journalist asked the experts if they had done research on the types of diets.

5. "Did they visit the zoo last year?" (Change into reported speech)

- a. My cousin asked me if they have visited the zoo the year before.
- b. My cousin asked me if they had visited the zoo the year before.
- c. My cousin asked me if they will visit the zoo the year before.

6. "Has Mona had the same infection?" (Change into reported speech)

- a. The doctor asked if Mona has had the same infection.
- b. The doctor asked if Mona had had the same infection.
- c. The doctor asked if Mona has been having the same infection.

Unit 7 / Long Lives: **لحياة أطول****القواعد Grammar**

**هناك بعض الكلمات (وخاصة التي تشير الى الزمن) تتغير في حالة الكلام المنقول مثل:**

| <b>كلام مباشر Direct Speech</b> | <b>كلام منقول Reported Speech</b> |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>this</b>                     | <b>that</b>                       |
| <b>these</b>                    | <b>those</b>                      |
| <b>here</b>                     | <b>there</b>                      |
| <b>yesterday</b>                | <b>the day before</b>             |
| <b>last night</b>               | <b>the night before</b>           |
| <b>tomorrow</b>                 | <b>the next day</b>               |
| <b>next week</b>                | <b>the coming week</b>            |
| <b>now</b>                      | <b>then</b>                       |

**From a,b and c, choose the correct answers as required:**

1. "Where are you going to spend your vacation?" (Change into reported speech)

- My friend asked me where I was going to spend my vacation.
- My friend asked me where I am going to spend my vacation.
- My friend asked me where I spent my vacation.

2. "Will all the students do the same project?" (Change into reported speech)

- My classmate asked if all the students will do the same project.
- My classmate asked if all the students would do the same project.
- My classmate asked if all the students will have done the same project.

3. "Sami joined Flex Gym last week", Ahmad said. (Change into reported speech)

- Ahmad said that Sami had joined Flex Gym last week.
- Ahmad said that Sami has joined Flex Gym the week before.
- Ahmad said that Sami had joined Flex Gym the week before.

4. "All mothers have had the same fears." The Social worker said.

(Change into reported speech)

- The social worker said that all mothers have had the same fears.
- The social worker said that all mothers had had the same fears.
- The social worker said that all mothers will have the same fears.

Unit 7 / Long Lives: **لحياة أطول****Grammar: القواعد****both .....and**

1. Sami plays tennis. Sami plays football, too. (Join using: Both... and)

- a. Sami plays both tennis and football, too.
- b. Sami both plays tennis and football.
- c. Sami plays both tennis and football.

2. Hassan speaks Spanish. Hassan writes Spanish, too. (Join using: Both... and)

- a. Hassan both speaks and writes Spanish, too.
- b. Hassan both speaks or writes Spanish.
- c. Hassan both speaks and writes Spanish.

3. The hotel was terrible. The service was also terrible. (Join using: Both... and)

- a. Both the hotel and the service was terrible.
- b. Both the hotel and the service were terrible.
- c. Both the hotel and the service were terrible also.

4. The manager agreed on the sales plan. The workers agreed on the same plan, too.

(Join using: Both... and)

- a. Both the manager and the workers agreed on the sale plan.
- b. Both the manager and the workers agreed on the sale plan, too.
- c. Both the manager and the workers agreed too on the sale plan.

5. Khawla is talented at acting. She is talented at painting, too. (Join using: Both... and)

- a. Khawla is talented at both acting and painting.
- b. Khawla is both talented at acting and painting too.
- c. Khawla is both talented at both acting and painting.

## Unit 7 / Long Lives: **حياة أطول**

### **أسئلة الكتاب: Se-Book Questions:**

1. How can we show gratitude and respect to the elderly?

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.....

2. Why are geriatric homes rare in the Arab world

.....  
.....

3. Why should we show respect to the elderly?

.....  
.....

4. In your opinion, how can we keep physically fit?

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.....

5. In your opinion, how can we keep mentally fit?

.....  
.....

6. Why has life expectancy increased in Kuwait in recent years

.....  
.....

## Unit 7 / Long Lives: **نحياة أطول**

### **Writing: التعبير**

**To provide care for the people who once cared for us is one of life’s greatest honours”**

**Plan and write a report of not less than 14 sentences (160 words) about why we should show respect to the elderly and how we can show them respect.**

#### **Outline:**

##### **\*Introduction:**

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##### **\*Body:**

##### **Parag. (1): Why**

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##### **Parag. (2): How:**

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##### **\*Conclusion:**

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**Unit 8 / Town And Country: الفرق بين المدينة والريف**

# Lifestyles

## unit 8

### Unit 8 / Town And Country: الفرق بين المدينة و الريف

## A summary of the unit

| <b>Town Pros</b><br>ايجابيات الحياة في المدينة  | <b>Town Cons</b><br>سلبيات الحياة في المدينة   |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Better health-care</li> <li>• Better education</li> <li>• Better lifestyle</li> <li>• More jobs</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• more crowded</li> <li>• More crime</li> <li>• More pollution</li> <li>• Expensive life</li> </ul> |

| <b>Country Pros</b><br>ايجابيات الحياة في الريف   | <b>Country Cons</b><br>سلبيات الحياة في الريف  |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• More peaceful</li> <li>• Nice weather</li> <li>• Fresh fruit and vegetables</li> <li>• less crowd</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• less jobs</li> <li>• no privacy</li> <li>• poor services</li> <li>• less health-care</li> </ul> |

**Unit 8 / Town And Country: الفرق بين المدينة والريف****القواعد Grammar****Inverted Sentences**

## الجملة المعكوسة

|                         |   |  |   |                   |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|-------------------|
| Rarely                  | + | do<br>does<br>did<br>have<br>has<br>had<br>is<br>was<br>were | + | subject<br>الفاعل |
| Little                  |   |  |   |                   |
| Never                   |   |  |   |                   |
| Seldom                  |   |  |   |                   |
| Scarcely                |   |  |   |                   |
| Only now                |   |  |   |                   |
| No sooner..... than     |   |  |   |                   |
| Not only....., but also |   |  |   |                   |

**Examples:**

1. I rarely find these items at Sultan Center.

Rarely do I find these items at Sultan Center.

2. The crazy driver broke the red traffic. He also hit the sidewalk.

Not only did the crazy driver break the red traffic, but also he hit the side walk.

3. They have little announced the names of winners online.

Little have they announced the names of winners online.

**Unit 8 / Town And Country: الفرق بين المدينة والريف****A) From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:**

1. Scarcely ..... the room when the kids were sleeping.

- a. he entered                      b. he had entered      c. he has entered      d. had he entered

2. Not only ..... got the visa, but also we received an invitation to attend the Al-Olla Festival.

- a. we did                      b. did we                      c. had we                      d. we had

3. Rarely ..... out, especially in these dusty days.

- a. I dine                      b. do I dine                      c. I had dined                      d. I dined

4. No sooner ..... the noise than we rushed to the place.

- a. we had heard      b. we heard                      c. had we heard      d. we have heard

5. Little .....his mobile to school.

- a. has Nasser taken      b. Nasser has taken      c. has Nasser taking      d. Nasser had taken

**B) From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:**

1. Ali not only studies to be a pilot, but he is also a successful athlete. (Begin with: Not only)

- a) Not only does Ali study to be a pilot, but he is also a successful athlete.  
b) Not only Ali does study to be a pilot, but he is also a successful athlete.  
c) Not only has Ali studied to be a pilot, but he is also a successful athlete.

2. She has never been to such a five-star hotel. (Begin with Never)

- a) Never has she been to such a five-star hotel.  
b) Never she has been to such a five-star hotel.  
c) Never had she been to such a five-star hotel

**Unit 8 / Town And Country: الفرق بين المدينة والريف**

3. She knew little about the tourist places in the city. (Begin with Little)

- Little do she know about the tourist places in the city.
- Little does she know about the tourist places in the city.
- Little did she know about the tourist places in the city.

4. Sami had hardly stepped outside when the rain began to fall. (Begin with Hardly)

- Hardly Sami had stepped outside when the rain began to fall.
- Hardly did Sami step outside when the rain began to fall.
- Hardly had Sami stepped outside when the rain began to fall

5. We rarely go to the seafront on summer days. (Begin with Rarely)

- Rarely we do go to the seafront on summer days.
- Rarely do we go to the seafront on summer days.
- Rarely did we go to the seafront on summer days.

6. As soon as Khaled finished his meal, he started arguing about the price.

(Begin with No sooner)

- No sooner did Khaled finish his meal than he started arguing about the price.
- No sooner has Khaled finished his meal than he started arguing about the price.
- No sooner Khaled did finish his meal than he started arguing about the price.

7. Girls scarcely talk about politics in their gatherings. (Begin with Scarcely)

- Scarcely girls do talk about politics in their gatherings.
- Scarcely do girls talk about politics in their gatherings.
- Scarcely did girls talk about politics in their gatherings.

8. I knew little about the character of the president until I met him. (Begin with Little)

- Little I knew about the character of the president until I met him.
- Little I did know about the character of the president until I met him.
- Little did I know about the character of the president until I met him.

## Unit 8 / Town And Country: الفرق بين المدينة والريف

### Set-book Questions:

1. Why do you think many people move from the village to the city?

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2. Why do many people move from the city to the countryside?

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3. What makes life in big cities stressful for the people who live there?

.....  
.....

4. Why do many people prefer to live in the countryside?

.....  
.....

5. What are the advantages of living in the countryside?

.....  
.....

6. What are the disadvantages of living in the countryside?

.....  
.....

7. What are the advantages of living in the city?

.....  
.....

8. What are the disadvantages of living in the city?

.....  
.....

## Unit 8 / Town And Country: الفرق بين المدينة والريف

### Writing

#### Write on the following topic: (Expository)

Some people believe that it is advantageous to live in the city.

**Plan and write** a report of at least **14** sentences (160 words) about the **advantages** and **disadvantages** of living in the city.

#### Outline:

##### \*Introduction:

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##### \*Body:

##### Parag. (1): Adv.

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##### Parag. (2): Disadv.

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##### \*Conclusion:

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# Lifestyles

## unit 9

### Unit 9 / New Ways & Old: بين الماضي والحاضر

## A summary of the unit

| Leisure activities of the past<br>الأنشطة الترفيهية في الماضي  | Leisure activities nowadays<br>الأنشطة الترفيهية هذه الأيام   |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• get togethers</li> <li>• playing Dama</li> <li>• playing cards/ playing football</li> <li>• fishing</li> <li>• handcrafts /knitting</li> <li>• Reading books</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• playing video games</li> <li>• connecting to the internet</li> <li>• sitting at malls and cafés</li> <li>• online video calls</li> <li>• Shopping online</li> <li>• watching TV</li> </ul> |

#### Focus on

#### Games of the Past

In the past, children had to make their own fun, so they created group games such as:

- Al-khabsa
- Dawama
- Ambar

## Unit 9 / New Ways &amp; Old: بين الماضي والحاضر

## Grammar القواعد

## Causative verbs: الأفعال السببية

وهي أفعال لا نستطيع القيام بها بأنفسنا بل يجب أن يقوم بها شخص آخر مثل حلاقة الشعر و تصليح السيارة و صبغ البيت

مثال:

I cut my hair yesterday. X

I had my hair cut yesterday. ✓

القاعدة:

في حالة المضارع

I have my hair cut every two weeks.

في حالة الماضي

I had my hair cut last week.

في حالة المستقبل

I will have my hair cut next week.

I'm going to have my hair cut next week.

A) From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:

1. Salwa had her room .....pink last week.

a) painting

b) was painted

c) painted

d) pain

2. I ..... my phone repaired after I had dropped it.

a) have

b) had

c) will have

d) would have

3. Jane will have the curtains ..... at the dry cleaner tomorrow.

a) cleaned

b) had cleaned

c) been cleaning

d) been

cleaned

4. My mother always has her car ..... by car wash services.

a) washed

b) will wash

c) would wash

d) washing

5. We used to have our rooms ..... but now we clean them

ourselves.

a) clean

b) cleaned

c) cleaning

d) to clean

**Unit 9 / New Ways & Old: بين الماضي والحاضر****B) From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:**

1. The technician removed all the spams from my computer. (Change into causative)

- a) I had removed all the spams from my computer.
- b) I had to remove all the spams from my computer.
- c) I had all the spams removed from my computer.

2. Mona is fixing the car at the car agency tomorrow. (Change into causative)

- a. Mona is going to have the car fixed at the car agency tomorrow.
- b. Mona is going to have the car fixing at the car agency tomorrow.
- c. Mona will go to have the car fixing at the car agency tomorrow.

3. The patient will do the operation tomorrow morning. (Change into causative)

- a. The operation will have been done tomorrow morning.
- b. The patient will have the operation done tomorrow morning.
- c. The patient will be doing the operation tomorrow morning.

4. A good doctor treated my little sister last year. (Change into causative)

- a. My little sister is treated by a good doctor last year.
- b. My little sister was treated by a good doctor last year.
- c. My little sister was being treated by a good doctor last year.

5. A young captain is driving the plain to Kuwait. (Change into causative)

- a. The plain is flying to Kuwait by a young captian.
- b. The plain is being flying to Kuwait by a young captian.
- c. The plain is flown to Kuwait by a young captian.

**Unit 9 / New Ways & Old: بين الماضي والحاضر****Used to / Didn't use to****C) From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable answer:**

1. John ..... live near to workplace, so he didn't use a car.  
a. use to                      b. using to                      c. used to                      d. is used to
2. People of Canada..... extreme cold and snow.  
a. use to                      b. used to                      c. are using to                      d. are used to
3. In the past, people.....travel by plane or even car.  
a. don't use to                      b. didn't use to                      c. aren't used to                      d. will not use to
4. When she was studying in the UK, Muneera .....wake up early.  
a. use to                      b. used                      c. used to                      d. is used to
5. Foxes were ..... to get close to man; Nowadays they do.  
a. not using to                      b. didn't use to                      c. not used                      d. not used to

**Set-book Questions: :**

1. How did people use to spend their leisure time in the past?

.....  
.....

2. How do people spend their liesure time nowadays?

.....  
.....

3. In what way do young people amuse themselves nowadays?

.....  
.....

4. Where do young people practise their leisure activities nowadays?

.....  
.....

**Unit 9 / New Ways & Old: بين الماضي والحاضر****Writing** التعبير**Write on the following topic: (Expository)**

Some people argue that life in the past was easier, simpler and better, others see the opposite.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) discussing **both arguments** and **showing your own opinion**.

**Outline****\*Introduction:**

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**\*Body:****Parag. (1): For مع**

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**Parag. (2): Against: ضد**

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**\*Conclusion:**

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# Achievements

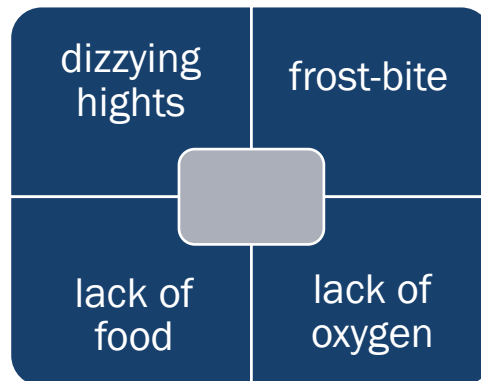
## unit 10

### ما وراء الحدود: Pushing the limits

The qualities a person needs to practice extreme sports:



What problems you may face when doing an extreme sport:



**Unit 10 / Pushing the limits: ما وراء الحدود****القواعد: Grammar****Past Perfect Simple & Continuous**

الزمن الماضي التام البسيط و المستمر

**Past Perfect: أفعال انتهت****Example: I had revised the lesson before I wrote the homework.****Continuous: Past Perfect أفعال استمرت لفترة في سياق الماضي****Zeddy has been attempting to climb Everest until he succeeded in 2004.****From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable answer:**

1. They got to the beach after they ..... for hours.

- a. walked    b. have walked    c. had been walking    d. walk

2. My cousin couldn't read the map because he ..... his glasses at home.

- a. was leaving    b. left    c. had been leaving    d. had left

3. Mountaineers were fatigued because they ..... for two days.

- a. climb    b. have climbed    c. climbed    d. had been

climbing

4. I ..... to find a solution to the math problem before I found it at last.

- a. try    b. had tried    c. had been trying    d. have been trying

5. I felt ill because I ..... six cups of coffee.

- a. have drunk    b. had drunk    c. drink    d. have been

drinking

**Unit 10 / Pushing the limits: ما وراء الحدود****B) From a, b and c, choose the correct answer.**

1. When I arrived at the airport, I .....(Complete the sentence)

- a. I got to know that I have forgot my passport.
- b. I got to know that I forget my passport.
- c. I got to know that I had forgotten my passport.

2. My sister (**study**) English for three years when she took the exam. (Correct the verb)

- a. My sister is studying English for three years when she took the exam.
- b. My sister had been studying English for three years when she took the exam.
- c. My sister will be studying English for three years when she took the exam.

3. My little sister was nervous because she had never (**travel**) before.

(Correct the verb)

- a. My little sister was nervous because she had never travelled before.
- b. My little sister was nervous because she has never travels before.
- c. My little sister was nervous because she was never travelling before

4. Shaza (**study**) for hours before the exam started.

(Correct the verb)

- a. Shaza studies for hours before the exam started.
- b. Shaza has been studied for hours before the exam started.
- c. Shaza had been studying for hours before the exam started.

5. They had (live) in Paris for five years when they decided to move to Rome.

(Correct the verb)

- a. They had living in Paris for five years when they decided to move to Rome.
- b. They had been living in Paris for five years when they decided to move to Rome.
- c. They are living in Paris for five years when they decided to move to Rome.

**Unit 10 / Pushing the limits: ما وراء الحدود****Set-book Questions:**

1. What qualities should a person have to survive expeditions or mountain climbing?

.....  
 .....

2. Mention some difficulties a person might face during expeditions?

.....  
 .....

3. What kind of preparations do people have to make before going on expeditions?

.....  
 .....

4. What equipment should we have when we go camping in the desert?

.....  
 .....

5. What are the necessary qualities to survive perilous situations?

.....  
 .....

6. What are the most probable problems that someone may face climbing a high mountain?

.....  
 .....

7. Why do some Arab sportsmen push themselves to extreme limits?

.....  
 .....

8. How can you prepare for an expedition?

.....  
 .....

9. What safety measures should people take when they practise extreme sports?

.....  
 .....

**Unit 10 / Pushing the limits: ما وراء الحدود****Writing** التعبير**Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)**

Some people push themselves to extreme limits and practice some dangerous sport. Others see that such adventures are risky and so they refuse them. Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) **showing both arguments and stating your own point of view.**

## Outline

**\*Introduction:**

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**\*Body:****Parag. (1): For**

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**Parag. (2): Against**

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**\*Conclusion:**

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# Achievements

## unit 11

### The Final Frontier: اكتشاف الفضاء

#### Summary of the unit:

**Some people are for space exploration trips, others are against.**

#### For

- doing experiments that are impossible on Earth
- good for communication technology
- most inventions come from space technology

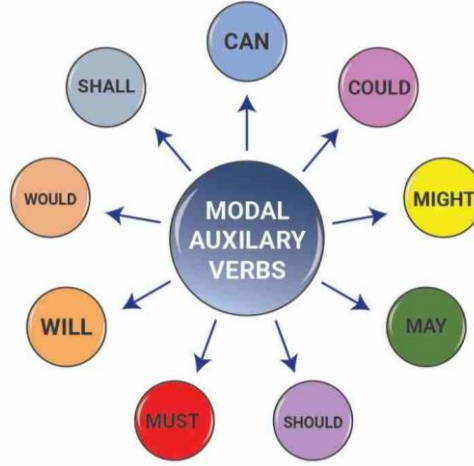
#### Against

- a waste of time and money
- space is empty and there is no life
- we can spend the money on developing the infrastructure or feeding the poor in Africa.

## Unit 11/ The Final Frontier: اكتشاف الفضاء

## Grammar

كيف تصبح الأفعال المساعدة في حالة المبني للمجهول: Passive with modal verbs:



|              |                          |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| <b>can</b>   | <b>can be + verb 3</b>   |
| <b>could</b> | <b>could be + verb 3</b> |
| <b>will</b>  | <b>will be + verb 3</b>  |
| <b>would</b> | <b>would be + verb 3</b> |
| <b>shall</b> | <b>shall be + verb 3</b> |
| <b>may</b>   | <b>may be + verb 3</b>   |
| <b>might</b> | <b>might be + verb 3</b> |
| <b>must</b>  | <b>must be + verb 3</b>  |

Examples:

| <b>active</b>                                 | <b>passive</b>                                |
|---|---|
| <b>They will send the email soon.</b>         | The email will be sent soon.                  |
| <b>We must finish the project on time.</b>    | The project must be finished on time          |
| <b>The manager may take the lion's share.</b> | The lion's share may be taken by the manager. |

**Unit 11/ The Final Frontier: اكتشاف الفضاء****From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:**

1. You have to pay the bill before leaving the restaurant. (Make passive)
  - a. The bill have to be paid before leaving the restaurant.
  - b. The bill has to be paid before leaving the restaurant.
  - c. The bill has paid before leaving the restaurant.
2. The doctor could not save the patient because he bled for a long time. (Make passive)
  - a. The patient cannot be saved because he bled for a long time.
  - b. The patient was not saved because he bled for a long time.
  - c. The patient could not be saved because he bled for a long time.
3. We must sign the document before the meeting begins. (Make Passive)
  - a. The document must be signed before the meeting begins.
  - b. The document must sign before the meeting begins.
  - c. The document must be signing before the meeting begins.
4. The manager should solve that problem immediately. (Make passive)
  - a. That problem should be solving immediately by the manager.
  - b. That problem should solved immediately by the manager.
  - c. That problem should be solved immediately by the manager.
5. They could complete the project by next week if everyone helps. (Make passive)
  - a. The project could being completed by next week if everyone helps.
  - b. The project could be completed by next week if everyone helps.
  - c. The project could be completing by next week if everyone helps.
6. We have to break the bottle in order to get out the ball inside. (Make passive)
  - a. The bottle has to break in order to get out the ball inside.
  - b. The bottle had to break in order to get out the ball inside.
  - c. The bottle has to be broken in order to get out the ball inside.
7. Students had to have dinner at the school's canteen. (Make passive)
  - a. Dinner had to have at the school's canteen.
  - b. Dinner had to be had at the school's canteen.
  - c. Dinner had to be have at the school's canteen.

## Unit 11/ The Final Frontier: اكتشاف الفضاء

## Grammar: القواعد

1. **both .....and**

كلاهما (تستخدم للجمع)

2. **either ..... or**

إما هذا أو ذاك (تستخدم للإثبات)

3. **neither .....nor**

لا هذا و لا ذاك (تستخدم للنفي)

## Examples:

1. I liked the menu. I liked the service too.

I liked both the menu and the service.

2. You can drink milk. You can drink juice, too. =

You can drink either milk or juice. اثبات

3. You cannot drink milk. You cannot drink juice, too. =

You can drink neither milk nor juice.

**Now, from a, b, and c, choose the correct answers:**

1. This restaurant is famous for serving ..... Japanese and Indian cuisines.

a. either                      b. neither                      c. both                      d. nor

2. You cannot buy both; you must choose ..... the black or white shirt.

a. either                      b. neither                      c. both                      d. nor

3. .... my cousin nor my brother knows the way to the restaurant, so I'll show them.

a. Either                      b. Neither                      c. Both                      d. Nor

4. Unfortunately, ..... the red dress nor blue dress is my size.

a. either                      b. neither                      c. both                      d. nor

5. .... my father and my mother enjoy following Kuwaiti accounts.

a. Neither                      b. Both                      c. Either                      d. Nor

## Unit 11/ The Final Frontier: اكتشاف الفضاء

### أسئلة الكتاب: Set-books

#### Answer the following questions:

1. What are the advantages of space exploration?

.....

.....

2. What are the disadvantages of space exploration?

.....

.....

3. How has space technology benefited our everyday life?

.....

.....

4. Why are scientists interested in learning more about space?

.....

.....

5. Many modern inventions (spin-offs) were first made for space. Mention two

.....

.....

## Unit 11/ The Final Frontier: اكتشاف الفضاء

### التعبير: Writing

#### Write on the following topic: Argumentative

Some people believe that space exploration is useful, others believe it is a waste of money.

Plan and write an essay in not less than 14 sentences (160 words), presenting arguments for and against space exploration and stating your own position.

- NB: (Your topic should include an introduction, 2 body paragraphs & a conclusion.)

#### Outline

##### \*Introduction:

.....

.....

.....

.....

##### \*Body:

##### Parag. (1): For

.....

.....

.....

.....

##### Parag. (2): Against

.....

.....

.....

.....

##### \*Conclusion:

.....

.....

