

مَذْكُرَةٌ سَمًا

الفصل الثاني

اللُّغَةُ الْإِنْجِلِيزِيَّةُ

9B U: 7

ENGLISH

9

المرحلة المتوسطة



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i teacher
المعلم الذكي



Vocabulary – Part 1

Word	Part of Speech	Arabic Meaning
budgeting	noun	إعداد الميزانية
entrepreneur	noun	رائد أعمال
expense	noun	مصرف / نفقة
feedback	noun	ملاحظات
imagination	noun	خيال
opportunity	noun	فرصة
teenager	noun	مراهق
delay	noun	تأخير
form	noun	نموذج / شكل
balance	verb	يوازن
handle	verb	يتعامل مع

A) From a, b, c, and d, choose the most suitable words:

1. Good helps families save money for important needs.

- a. form b. budgeting c. teenager d. delay

2. Suzan is a young..... who started a small business selling handmade things.

- a. entrepreneur b. form c. budgeting d. delay

3. The flight was canceled because of a long at the airport.

- a. form b. budgeting c. teenager d. delay

4. A good manager knows how to difficult situations calmly.

- a. flow b. evolve c. handle d. compete



Word	Part of Speech	Arabic Meaning
promote	verb	يعزز / يشجع
struggle	verb	يكافح / يعاني
adaptable	adjective	قابل للتكيف
financial	adjective	مالي
handmade	adjective	مصنوع يدويا
independent	adjective	مستقل
local	adjective	محلي
unexpected	adjective	غير متوقع
visible	adjective	مرئي
remarkably	adverb	بشكل ملحوظ

B) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words:

financial / struggle / adaptable / promote / visible

5. The school works hard to healthy eating among students.
6. Many people work hard and to finish their goals in life.
7. A successful businessman must be confident, independent, and.....
8. Many companies faced problems after the market changed.



Grammar – Part 1

**Reported Speech: Yes/ No Questions and Wh- Questions
(Present Simple and Past Simple)**

الكلام المنقول في حالة السؤال

كقاعدة عامة في الكلام المنقول نحول الـ:

Past simple الى الماضي البسيط	Present Simple المضارع البسيط
Past perfect (had + الى الماضي التام + verb3)	Past simple الماضي البسيط

<u>Yes/No Questions:</u>	<u>Wh-Questions</u>
في حالة السؤال اجابته نعم أو لا ، نستخدم كلمة (if)	في حالة السؤال يبدأ بكلمة سؤال، نستخدم نفس الكلمة
مثال: Do you like mangoes? Ali asked me if I liked mangoes.	مثال: Where do you live? Ali asked me where I lived?



أمثلة أخرى:

Direct Speech: كلام مباشر Reported Speech: كلام منقول

Present simple:

Do you enjoy fishing?

He asked if I enjoyed fishing

Where do you go on weekends?
weekends.

He asked where I went on

Present perfect:

Did you finish your homework?
homework.

He asked if I had finished my

Is everybody ready to get onto the plane ?

He asked if everybody was ready
to get onto the plane.

هناك بعض الكلمات (وخاصة التي تشير الى الزمن) تتغير في حالة الكلام المنقول مثل:

<u>Direct Speech</u> <u>كلام مباشر</u>	<u>Reported Speech</u> <u>كلام منقول</u>
this	that
these	those
here	there
yesterday	the day before
last night	the night before
tomorrow	the next day
next week	the coming week
now	then



A) From a, b, c, and d, choose the correct answer:

1. Sami asked if they Dubai the year before.
a. visit b. visiting c. has visited d. had visited
2. Ahmad asked if Mona always to Flex Gym.
a. went b. go c. goes d. going
3. The teacher asked if we our project the day before.
a. finish b. had finished c. finishes d. finishing
4. My friend wanted to know where I my outfit from.
a. bought b. buy c. will buy d. buying

B) Do as required between brackets.

5. "Where did you go yesterday?" (Change into reported speech)

He asked.....

6. "Will they test the new medication next month." (Change into reported speech)

The doctor asked.....

7. "Where do you spend your summer vacation?" (Change into reported speech)

My friend wanted to know

8. "Are you on a diet?" (Change into reported speech)

My friend asked.....



Vocabulary – Part 2

Word	Part of Speech	Arabic Meaning
expert	noun	خبير
experiment	noun	تجربة
interest	noun	اهتمام
marketing	noun	تسويق
responsibility	noun	مسؤولية
scent	noun	رائحة
spending	noun	إنفاق
trend	noun	موضة
purchase	verb	يشترى
request	verb	يطلب

A) From a, b, c, or d, choose the correct word.

- The explained the problem in a way everyone could understand.
a. scent b. trend c. expert d. interest
- The science showed how plants grow faster with sunlight.
a. scent b. experiment c. trend d. interest
- Malik decided to a new laptop for online school lessons.
a. purchase b. promote c. handle d. balance
- Wearing smartwatches has become a new fashion
a. scent b. experiment c. trend d. responsibility



Word	Part of Speech	Arabic Meaning
satisfy	verb	يرضي / يقنع
transform	verb	يحول
appealing	adjective	جذاب
critical	adjective	حساس
custom	adjective	مخصص
eye-catching	adjective	لافت للنظر
high-quality	adjective	عالي الجودة
part-time	adjective	جزئي / دوام جزئي
vibrant	adjective	زاهي
gradually	adverb	تدريجياً

B) Fill in the gaps with the correct words from the list below.

appealing / transform / part-time / satisfy /

5. That shop offers different models of shoes that all customers' needs.
6. AI Technology will the way we learn English in the future.
7. The new decor of the shop looked very to shoppers.
8. Tom is working as a/an teacher while studying at university.



Grammar – Part 2

Prepositions: during, for, by, between

أحرف الجر	
during	خلال - أثناء
for	لأجل - لكي
by	بواسطة - بـ
between	بين (اثنين)

A) From a, b, c, and d, choose the correct answer:

- I fell asleep online lessons.
a. during b. for c. by d. between
- We met after class a group project.
a. during b. for c. by d. between
- When he was in America, he always travelled plane.
a. during b. for c. by d. between
- The park is my house and the school.
a. during b. for c. by d. between

B) From a, b, c, and d, choose the correct answer:

- The prayers remained quiet the Friday ceremony.
a. during b. for c. by d. between
- The project must be finished tomorrow morning.
a. during b. for c. by d. between
- The discussion the two friends lasted for hours.
a. during b. for c. by d. between
- Salam studied hard the final exam last week.
a. during b. for c. by d. between



Writing

Write on the following topic. (Expository)

Many countries encourage young people to start their own businesses.

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs, not less than (12 sentences) discussing **the skills that teenagers need when starting a business, and the role of the local community in helping their businesses grow.**

Introduction

Paragraph (1): (Skills teenagers need when starting a business)

Topic sentence:

Supporting sentence:

Concluding sentence:

Paragraph (2): (The role of the local community)

Topic sentence:

Supporting sentence:

Concluding sentence:

Conclusion



Key-Answers:

Unit 7

Vocabulary – Part 1

- A) 1. b / 2. a / 3. d / 4. c
 B) 5. promote / 6. struggle / 7. adaptable / 8. financial
 A) 1. d / 2. a / 3. b / 4. a

Grammar – Part 1

- B) 5. He asked where I/we had gone the day before.
 6. The doctor asked if they would test the new medication the following month.
 7. My friend wanted to know where I spent my summer vacation.
 8. My friend asked if I was on a diet.

Vocabulary – Part 2

- A) 1. c / 2. b / 3. a / 4. c
 B) 5. satisfy / 6. transform / 7. appealing / 8. part-time

Grammar- Part 2

- A) 1. a / 2. b / 3. c / 4. d
 B) 5. a / 6. c / 7. d / 8. b



Writing

Write on the following topic. (Expository)

Many countries encourage young people to start their own businesses.

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs, not less than (12 sentences) discussing **the skills that teenagers need when starting a business, and the role of the local community in helping their businesses grow.**

Introduction

Have you ever asked about starting a business?

Paragraph (1): *(Skills teenagers need when starting a business)*

Topic sentence:

First, there are many skills you need to start a new business.

Supporting sentence:

good communication skills / able to solve problems / manage time

Concluding sentence:

These skills help them become more confident and independent.

Paragraph (2): *(The role of the local community)*

Topic sentence:

Second, there is a role for the local community.

Supporting sentence:

Family = basic materials, advice, financial support /

Friends = share ideas / school = courses

Concluding sentence:

All these forms of support help young people to grow and succeed.

Conclusion

By business, and only by business, we can grow.



Write your report here:

Have you ever asked about starting a business? First, there are many skills you need to start a new business. For example, you need good communication skills. You must be able to solve problems. Also, you must manage your time. These skills help you become more confident and independent.

Second, there is a role for the local community. For example, the family can give basic materials, advice and financial support. Friends can share ideas. Schools can also give courses. All these forms of support help young people to grow and succeed. By business, and only by business, we can grow.

